

Product Sheet

Tango-Mouse_CXCR6 CHO-K1 Cell Line

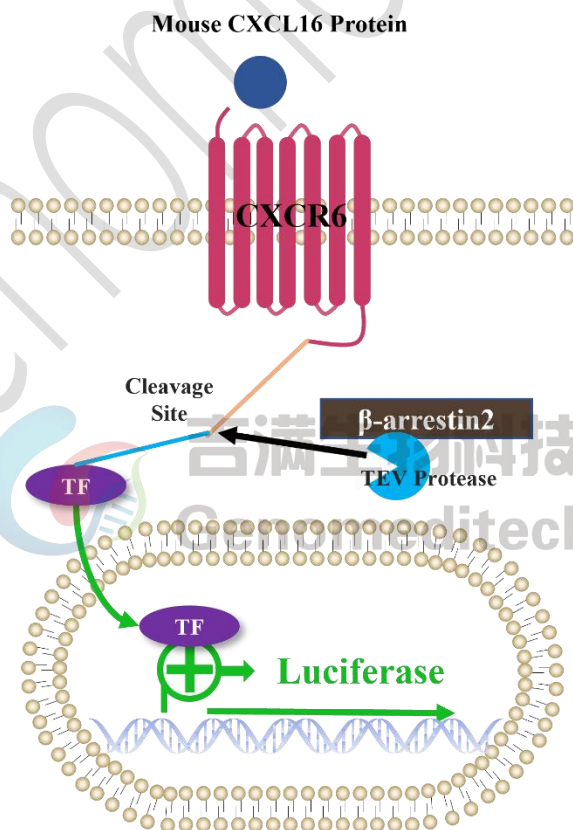
Catalog number: GM-C14347

Version 3.3.1.260701

The TANGO assay detects GPCR activation by analyzing ligand-induced effects (e.g., by small-molecule drugs or antibodies) through fluorescent signals. It offers high signal specificity and directly reflects intracellular signal transduction, and is widely used in drug screening and GPCR research

A plasmid with GPCR, a V2 tail, a TEV protease site, and the transcription factor(TF) is constructed. Upon ligand activation, GPCR recruits arrestin and TEV protease, which cleaves the TEV site, releasing TF. This factor enters the nucleus, activating a reporter gene (e.g., luciferase). Fluorescent signal intensity corresponds to GPCR activation, allowing quantitative analysis.

Tango-Mouse_CXCR6 CHO-K1 Cell Line is a clonal stable CHO-K1 cell line constructed using lentiviral technology, constitutive expression of the CXCR6 gene constructed through Tango technology, along with signal-dependent expression of a luciferase reporter gene. When CXCL16 binds to CXCR6, it activates downstream signaling pathways, leading to the expression of luciferase. The luciferase activity measurement indicates the activation level of the signaling pathway and can thus be used to evaluate the in vitro effects of drugs related to CXCR6.



Specifications

Quantity	5E6 Cells per vial, 1 mL
Product Format	1 vial of frozen cells
Shipping	Shipped on dry ice
Storage Conditions	Liquid nitrogen immediately upon receipt
Recovery Medium	F12K+10% FBS+1% P.S
Growth medium	F12K+10% FBS+1% P.S+4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ Blasticidin+100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ Hygromycin+4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ Puromycin
Note	None
Freezing Medium	90% FBS+10% DMSO
Growth properties	Adherent
Growth Conditions	37°C, 5% CO ₂
Mycoplasma Testing	The cell line has been screened to confirm the absence of Mycoplasma species.
Safety considerations	Biosafety Level 2
Note	It is recommended to expand the cell culture and store a minimum of 10 vials at an early passage for potential future use.

Materials

Reagent	Manufacturer/Catalogue No.
F12K	BOSTER/PYG0036
Fetal Bovine Serum	ExCell/FSP500
Pen/Strep	Thermo/15140-122
Blasticidin	Genomeditech/ GM-040404
Hygromycin	Genomeditech/ GM-040403
Puromycin	Genomeditech/ GM-040401
Recombinant Mouse CXCL16 Protein (His Tag)	SinoBiological/50142-M08H
Purified anti-mouse CD186 (CXCR6) Antibody	Biolegend/151102/B421661
GMOne-Step 2.0 Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit	Genomeditech/ GM-040513

Figures

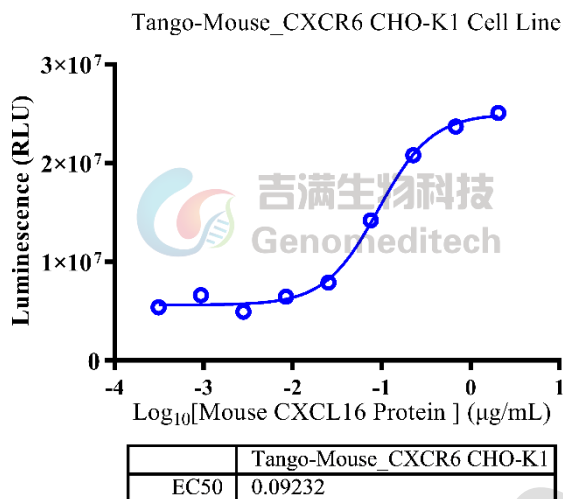


Figure 1 | Response to Recombinant Mouse CXCL16 Protein (His Tag). The Tango-Mouse_CXCR6 CHO-K1 Cell Line (Cat. GM-C14347) at a concentration of 1E4 cells/well (96-well format) was stimulated with serial dilutions of 1 Recombinant Mouse CXCL16 Protein (His Tag) (SinoBiological/50142-M08H) in assay buffer (F12K+1% P.S) for 6 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the Luciferase Reporter Assay Kit (Genomeditech). The maximum induction fold was approximately [4.7]. Data are shown by drug mass concentration.

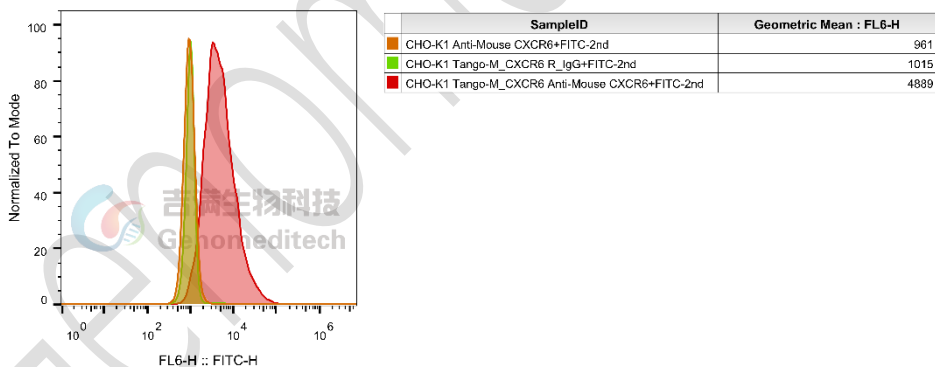


Figure 2 | Tango-Mouse_CXCR6 CHO-K1 Cell Line (Cat. GM-C14347) was determined by flow cytometry using Purified anti-mouse CD186 (CXCR6) Antibody (Biolegend/151102/B421661)

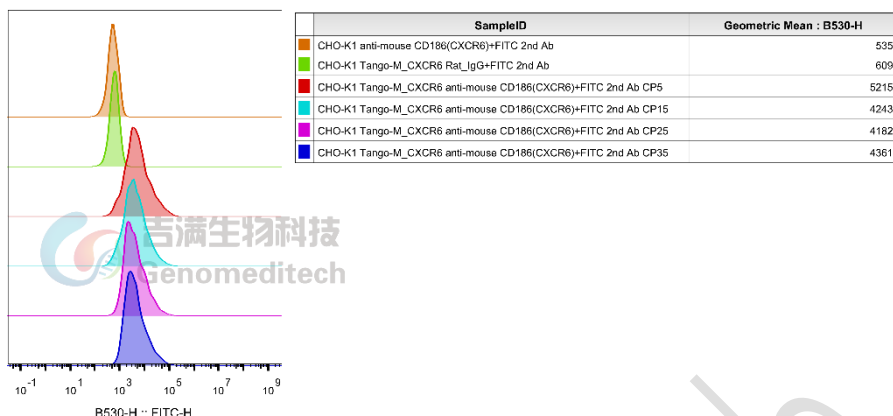


Figure 3 | The passage stability of the Tango-Mouse_CXCR6 CHO-K1 Cell Line (Cat. GM-C14347) was determined by flow cytometry using Purified anti-mouse CD186 (CXCR6) Antibody (Biologend/151102).

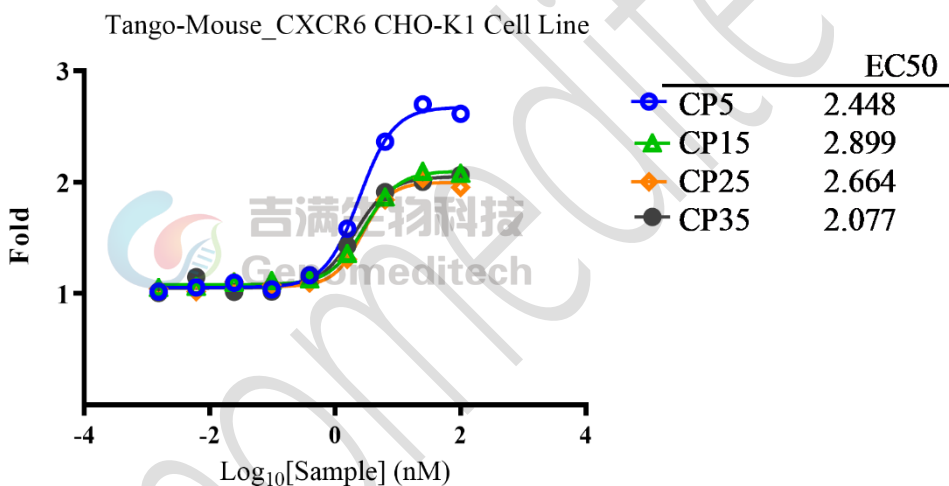


Figure 4 | The passage stability of response to Recombinant Mouse CXCL16 Protein (His Tag). The passages 5, 15, 25 and 35 of Tango-Mouse_CXCR6 CHO-K1 Cell Line (Cat. GM-C14347) at a density of 1E4 cells/well (96-well format) were stimulated with serial dilutions of Recombinant Mouse CXCL16 Protein (His Tag) (SinoBiological/50142-M08H) in assay buffer (F12K + 1% FBS + 1% P.S) for 6 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the Luciferase Reporter Assay Kit (Genomeditech). Data are shown by drug molar concentration.

Cell Recovery

Recovery Medium: F12K+10% FBS+1% P.S

To insure the highest level of viability, thaw the vial and initiate the culture as soon as possible upon receipt. If upon arrival, continued storage of the frozen culture is necessary, it should be stored in liquid nitrogen vapor phase and not at -70°C. Storage at -70°C will result in loss of viability.

- a) Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37°C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 - 3 minutes).
- b) Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. All of the operations from this point on should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions.
- c) Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 5.0 mL complete culture medium and spin at approximately 176 x g for 5 minutes. Discard supernatant.
- d) Resuspend cell pellet with the recommended recovery medium. And dispense into appropriate culture dishes.
- e) Incubate the culture at 37°C in a suitable incubator. A 5% CO₂ in air atmosphere is recommended if using the medium described on this product sheet.

Cell Freezing

Freezing Medium: 90% FBS+10% DMSO

- a) Centrifuge at 176 x g for 3 minutes to collect cells.
- b) Resuspend the cells in pre-cooled freezing medium and adjust the cell density to 5E6 cells/mL.
- c) Aliquot 1 mL into each vial.
- d) Place the vial in a controlled-rate freezing container and store at -80°C for at least 1 day, then transfer to liquid nitrogen as soon as possible.

Cell passage

Growth medium: F12K+10% FBS+1% P.S+4 µg/mL Blasticidin+100 µg/mL Hygromycin+4 µg/mL Puromycin

For the first 1 to 2 passages post-resuscitation, use the recovery medium. Once the cells have stabilized, switch to a growth medium.

- a) Remove and discard culture medium.
- b) Briefly rinse the cell layer with PBS to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor.
- c) Add 1.0 mL of 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin-EDTA solution to dish and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 2 to 3 minutes at 37°C).
- d) Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal.
- e) Add 2.0 mL of growth medium to mix well and aspirate cells by gently pipetting.
- f) After centrifugation, resuspend the pellet and add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels.
- g) Incubate cultures at 37°C.

Subcultivation Ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1:4 - 1:5 is recommended

Medium Renewal: Every 2 to 3 days

Notes

- a) After the stabilization of the cell condition, there will be fewer dead cells post-passage, the cell growth rate will tend to stabilize, cell morphology will become uniform, and the cells will appear robust.

Related Products

CXCR6	
Cynomolgus_CXCR6 HEK-293 Cell Line	H_CXCR6 HEK-293 Cell Line
Tango-H_CXCR6 CHO-K1 Cell Line	

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